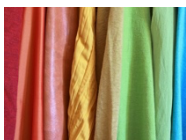
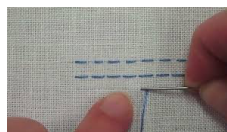




Year 1 – Autumn – Design & Technology – Pupil Knowledge Organiser

WHAT DO I ALREADY KNOW?		WHAT AM I LEARNING NOW?		
- Materials can be joined together using glue or staples. - Scissors can be used to cut out paper, card and fabric.		1. What fabrics and tools are used in textiles? 2. How do we cut fabrics in textiles? 3. How can we join fabrics together? 4. Can I design a Christmas-themed toy? 5. Can I use my design to make a toy? 6. How do we evaluate our finished product?  design  evaluate  make		
KEY KNOWLEDGE: TEXTILES		DESIGN, MAKE, EVALUATE	KEY VOCABULARY	
 Fabric is a material used to make things like clothes and toys.  Tools like scissors and needles should always be used safely.  Sewing or gluing items like buttons, beads, sequins, braids, and ribbons help to decorate fabric products.  Joining fabrics together to make a 3D object, can be done using glue, staples or sewing.  Common fabrics include cotton, wool, and felt.  Shapes can be cut out by tracing around a template on to the fabric.  A running stitch is made by sewing a line of stitches that go in and out of the material.  Colour can be added using fabric pens, printing/stamps, and painting.		In Design and Technology, we follow a process:  design Come up with ideas based on who will use our product and what for.  make Safely assemble, join and combine materials.  evaluate Discuss what is good based on who will use the product and what for.	materials tools felt scissors needle join running stitch decoration product	The things used to build or make something. A hand-held item that is used to help us do something. A thick and sturdy fabric, ideal for crafting. A tool used for cutting paper, card or fabric. A thin tool made of metal with a hole at one end for thread and a sharp point at the other. To attach materials together. A running stitch is a simple, straight stitch for a secure connection. Items used to make something else more beautiful. The item that is designed, made and evaluated.